# CHECKLIST | Complying With the WARN Act

Presented by TROXELL

The Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification (WARN) Act is a federal law that requires employers with 100 or more employees to provide written notice at least 60 days before a plant closing or mass layoff unless an exception applies. This notice is intended to protect workers by giving them time to seek alternative jobs or obtain job training before their termination.

Employers who fail to comply with the WARN Act may be liable for back pay and benefits, in addition to civil monetary penalties, for the period in which notice was not given.

This checklist outlines key steps for complying with the WARN Act's advance notice requirement. Keep in mind that complying with the WARN Act can be complex and may involve additional steps depending on the facts of a specific situation. Also, many states have their own layoff notice laws, which are often referred to as "mini-WARN" laws. Employers will need to comply with WARN Act and any applicable state and local mini-WARN laws.

## **Covered Employers**

Is your company subject to the WARN Act?	Yes	No
Select "yes" if your company meets either of the following:		
<ul> <li>Your company has 100 or more full-time employees, excluding employees who work fewer than 20 hours per week and employees who have been employed for less than six months.</li> </ul>		
OR		
<ul> <li>Your company has 100 or more employees, including part- time employees, who, in the aggregate, work at least 4,000 hours per week (excluding overtime hours).</li> </ul>		
Note that the WARN Act applies to private for-profit and nonprofit employers as well as public and quasi-public entities that are engaged in business and are separately organized from regular government. The WARN Act does not apply to federal, state and local governments.		
If you answered "No," you can stop here. However, be sure to check any state and local mini-WARN laws that may apply to your company.		

# **Events Triggering WARN Act Notice**

Will your company experience a plant closing or mass layoff, triggering the WARN Act's 60-day advance notice requirement?  See important information below to help you answer the following questions.	Yes	No
Will there be a plant closing? A "plant closing" means a permanent or temporary shutdown of a single site of employment (or one or more facilities or operating units within a single site of employment) that results in an employment loss for 50 or more employees during any 30-day period (excluding part-time employees).		
<ul> <li>Will there be a mass layoff? A "mass layoff" means a reduction in force that is not the result of a plant closing and results in an employment loss at the single site of employment during any 30-day period for: <ul> <li>At least 500 employees, excluding part-time employees</li> <li>OR</li> <li>At least 50 employees and at least 33% of the employer's active employees, excluding part-time employees</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Will there be multiple small events triggering the WARN Act? The WARN Act applies if an employer has a series of terminations or layoffs that occur over a rolling 90-day period and add up to numbers that would require advance notice unless an employer can show that the individual events occurred as a result of separate and distinct actions and causes.		
If you answered "No," to all the questions above, you can stop here. However, be sure to a mini-WARN laws that may apply to your company.	theck any sta	te and local
<ul> <li>Does either of the following exceptions apply? The WARN Act does not apply when:</li> <li>A temporary facility is closed (or a temporary project is completed), and the employees were hired with the clear understanding that their employment was temporary.</li> <li>A facility or operating unit is closed due to a strike or lockout.</li> <li>If you answered "Yes," to this question, you can stop here. However, be sure to check any state and local mini-WARN laws that may apply to your company.</li> </ul>		

#### **Important Information**

**Employees counted**—To determine if your company's plant closing or layoff falls under the WARN Act's requirements, the following employees are NOT counted:

- Part-time employees—this includes employees who work for fewer than 20 hours per week and employees who have been employed for less than six months.
- Workers who retire, resign or are terminated for cause.

- Workers who are able to transfer to another site of employment within a reasonable commuting distance if the closing or layoff is a result of relocation or consolidation of your business and the transfer does not involve a break in employment that is longer than six months.
- Workers who are offered a transfer to another site of employment that is not within a
  reasonable commuting distance if the closing or layoff is a result of relocation or consolidation
  of your business, the transfer does not involve a break in employment that is longer than six
  months and the worker accepts the offer within 30 days of the offer or the closing/layoff,
  whichever is later.

#### **Employment loss**—This includes all of the following:

- An employment termination (other than a discharge for cause, voluntary departure or retirement)
- A layoff exceeding six months
- A reduction in hours of work of more than 50% during each month of any six-month period

### **Advance Notice Requirement**

WARN Act Notice		No	Yes	Date(s) of Notice
Will you provide written notice at least 6 before the plant closing or mass layoff?  When all employees are not terminated on to date of the first individual termination within 90-day) period triggers the 60-day notice required worker's last day of employment is considered worker's layoff. The first and each subsequent employees are entitled to a full 60 days' notice.	he same date, the a the 30-day (or guirement. A ed the date of that are group of			
Exceptions to Timing Requirement				
If you will not provide the full 60 days' advance notice, do any of these exceptions apply?  Note that even when an exception applies, the notice must be provided as soon as practicable, and the employer must explain why the notice is not being provided 60	Before the plant's closing, your company is actively seeking capital or business that would allow it to avoid or postpone the shutdown for a reasonable period, and your company reasonably and in good faith believes advance notice would jeopardize its			
days in advance.	The closing or munforeseeable b	•	-	

	(for example, the unexpected cancellation of a major order).		
	The plant closing or layoff is the direct result of a natural disaster, such as a flood, earthquake, drought, storm, tidal wave or similar event of nature. In this case, notice may be given after the event.		
	Notice Recipients		
Did you provide the WARN Act notice	Affected employees (nonrepresented)		
to the required recipients?  Note that "affected employees" are those who may reasonably be expected to experience an employment loss. They may be hourly or salaried workers, part-time workers, managerial and supervisory employees and employees who will likely lose their jobs because of bumping rights.	Union representative(s) of affected employees		
	State Dislocated Worker Unit		
	Chief elected official of the local government where the plant closing or layoff is to occur		
Notice Contents			
Notice to nonrepresented affected employees	Whether the planned action is expected to be permanent or temporary		
	If an entire plant will be closed, a statement to that effect		
	The expected date when the plant closing or mass layoff will begin and the date when the affected employee will be laid off or terminated		
	An indication of whether bumping rights exist		
	The name and telephone number of a company official who can be reached for further information		

Notice to union representatives	The name and address of the employment site where the plant closing or mass layoff will occur	
	The name and telephone number of a company official who can be reached for further information	
	Whether the employment loss will be temporary or permanent	
	If an entire plant will be closed, a statement to that effect	
	The expected date of the first job losses, along with a schedule of any additional job losses	
	The job titles of positions that will be affected and the names of workers currently holding those jobs	
Notices to state dislocated worker unit and chief elected official	The name and address of the employment site where the plant closing or mass layoff will occur	
	The name and telephone number of a company official who can be reached for further information	
	Whether the employment loss will be temporary or permanent	
	If an entire plant will be closed, a statement to that effect	
	The expected date of the first job losses, along with a schedule of any additional job losses	
	The job titles of positions that will be affected and the number of affected employees in each job category	

An indication of whether bumping rights exist	
The name of each union representing affected employees and the name and address of the chief elected officer of each union	

Use this checklist as a guide when reviewing your company's compliance with the WARN Act. For assistance, contact TROXELL.